Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

Hunter Primary Care Limited Financial Statements

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2024

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Directors' Report

The directors present their report on Hunter Primary Care Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

1. General information

Directors

The names of the directors in office at any time during, or since the end of, the year are:

Names	Position
Mr Steven Adams	Director
Mr Richard Anicich AM	Chair
Dr Sarah Bayley	Deputy Chair
Ms Jennifer Hayes	Director
Dr Peter Hopkins	Director
Mr Scott Puxty	Director
Mr Laurence (Benjamin) Wilkins	Director
Dr Fiona Van Leeuwen	Director

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Company Secretary

The following person held the position of Company Secretary during and since end of the financial year:

Mr Phillip (Jack) Hanson is the Corporate Services Executive of Hunter Primary Care Limited.

Principal activities and significant changes in nature of activities

Hunter Primary Care Limited is a not-for-profit health organisation with a mission to deliver integrated health and wellness services that help each person be their best.

The principal activities of Hunter Primary Care Limited during the financial year included:

- Operating GP Access After Hours providing an integrated system of after hours primary medical care for four Local Government Areas.
- Mental Health Services providing mental health care services for clients.
- Disability Services providing care and support services to individuals with disabilities, working with the National Disability Insurance Agency (NDIA).
- Providing culturally appropriate Aboriginal Health Services.
- Providing triage, consultancy and clinical support to Residential Aged Care Facilities.
- headspace Newcastle where young people aged 12-25 can access Mental Health Services and GP Support.
- IT Services providing systems and desktop support to general practices and other health providers.

There were no significant changes in the nature of Hunter Primary Care Limited's principal activities during the financial year.

Directors' Report

2. Operating results and review of operations for the year

Operating results

The surplus of the Company after providing for income tax amounted to \$52,139 (2023: deficit of \$454,873).

3. Other items

Events after the reporting date

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

Environmental matters

The Company's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulations under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory.

Information on directors

Mr Steven Adams Director

Qualifications AdvDip Bus Man, FAICD

Role Clinical Governance Committee

Mr Richard Anicich AM Chair

Qualifications BCom, LLB, FAICD

Role Chair of Board; Chair of Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Dr Sarah Bayley Deputy Chair

Qualifications BMed, BN, FRACGP, GAICD

Role Deputy Chair of Board; Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Ms Jennifer Hayes Director

Qualifications BBus, MBus, CPA, GAICD

Role Chair of Finance, Audit and Risk Management Committee

Dr Peter Hopkins Director

Qualifications MBBS (Hons); M Med Sc (EPI); FRACGP
Role Chair of Clinical Governance Committee

Mr Scott Puxty Director

Qualifications BCom, Dip Law, MBusAdmin, GAICD Role Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Dr Fiona Van Leeuwen Director

Qualifications BMed, FRACGP, RN, DRANZCOG Role Clinical Governance Committee

Directors' Report 30 June 2024

Information on directors (cont'd)

Mr Laurence (Benjamin) Wilkins Director

Qualifications BPharm; AACPA; FAICD

Role Finance, Audit and Risk Management Committee

Ms Kirsty Porteous External member Qualifications BCom; CA; RCA

Role Finance, Audit and Risk Management Committee

Meetings of directors

During the financial year, 18 meetings of directors (including committees of directors) were held. Attendances by each director during the year were as follows:

	Direc Meet		Finance Risk Man Comr	agement	Clinical Governance Committee		Nomination and Remuneration Committee	
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended
Mr Steven Adams	6	4	-	-	3	2	-	-
Mr Richard Anicich AM	6	5	-	-	-	-	3	3
Dr Sarah Bayley	6	6	-	-	-	-	3	3
Ms Jennifer Hayes	6	5	4	4	-	-	-	-
Dr Peter Hopkins	6	6	-	-	3	3	-	-
Mr Scott Puxty	6	6	-	-	-	-	3	3
Mr Laurence (Benjamin) Wilkins	6	5	4	4	-	-	-	-
Ms Kirsty Porteous	-	-	4	4	-	-	-	-
Dr Fiona Van Leeuwen	6	5	-	-	3	3	-	-

Directors' Report 30 June 2024

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

During the financial year, the Company paid a premium in respect of a contract insuring the directors of Hunter Primary Care Limited, the company secretary and all executive officers of the Company against liability incurred as such a director, secretary or executive officer to the extent permitted by the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission (ACNC) Act 2012. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of insurance.

The Company has not otherwise, during or since the end of the financial year, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified, or agreed to indemnify, an officer or auditor of the Company or any related body corporate against a liability incurred as such an officer or an auditor.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:

Director:

Dated:

Directo



PKF(NS) Audit & Assurance Limited Partnership ABN 91 850 861 839

755 Hunter Street, Newcastle West NSW 2302 Level 8, 1 O'Connell Street, Sydney NSW 2000

Newcastle T: +61 2 4962 2688 F: +61 2 4962 3245 Sydney T: +61 2 8346 6000 F: +61 2 8346 6099 info@pkf.com.au www.pkf.com.au

Auditors' Independence Declaration under Section 60-40 of the Charities and Not-forprofits Commission Act 2012 to the Directors of Hunter Primary Care Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2024, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the under Section 60-40 of the Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

PKF

MARTIN MATTHEWS
PARTNER

25 SEPTEMBER 2024 NEWCASTLE, NSW

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2024

		2024	2023
	Note	\$	\$
Revenue	4	28,696,143	25,947,776
Other revenue	4	574,795	402,893
Employee benefits expense	5	(23,691,007)	(20,782,620)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5	(863,000)	(861,119)
Administration expense		(2,617,537)	(2,501,332)
Occupancy expense		(562,468)	(519,543)
Other operating expenses		(365,530)	(406,606)
Subcontractor expense		(820,642)	(1,401,796)
Finance costs	5 _	(298,615)	(332,526)
Surplus/(Deficit) before income tax Income tax expense	-	52,139 -	(454,873)
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	=	52,139	(454,873)
Other comprehensive income	~	-	
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	=	52,139	(454,873)

Statement of Financial Position As At 30 June 2024

ASSETS Current Assets 20(a) 9,268,265 5,977,977 Trade and other receivables 7 2,161,461 4,774,414 Inventories 8 2,155,019 7,155,019 Other financial assets 10 375,121 311,138 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 10 375,121 311,138 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 14,017,658 18,218,548 Property, plant and equipment 9 1,163,230 1,053,358 Right-of-use assets 15 4,634,619 5,160,903 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 5,797,849 6,214,261 TOTAL ASSETS 5,797,849 6,214,261 TOTAL ASSETS 19,815,507 24,432,809 URRENT LIABILITIES 15 5,77,674 562,422 Total and other payables 11 1,936,392 1,920,610 Lease liabilities 15 577,674 562,423 Short-term provisions 12 2,754,906 2,554,144 Other financial liabilities 13 1,578,286 6,110,006		Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash and cash equivalents 20(a) 9,268,265 5,977,977 Trade and other receivables 7 2,161,461 4,774,414 Inventories 57,792 - Other financial assets 8 2,155,019 7,155,01 Other assets 10 375,121 311,138 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 14,017,658 18,218,548 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 9 1,163,230 1,053,358 Right-of-use assets 15 4,634,619 5,169,093 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 5,797,849 6,214,261 TOTAL ASSETS 5,797,849 6,214,261 TOTAL ASSETS 19,815,507 24,432,809 CURRENT LIABILITIES 11 1,936,392 1,920,610 Lease liabilities 15 5,776,74 562,423 Short-term provisions 12 2,754,906 2,554,144 Other financial liabilities 13 1,578,284 6,110,006 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 6,847,256 11,147,183 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,	ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables 7 2,161,461 4,774,414 Inventories 57,792 - Other financial assets 10 375,121 311,138 Other assets 10 375,121 311,138 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 14,017,658 18,218,548 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 9 1,163,230 1,053,358 Right-of-use assets 15 4,634,619 5,160,903 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 5,797,849 6,214,261 TOTAL ASSETS 19,815,507 24,432,809 LIABILITIES 7 2,754,906 2,54,142 Trade and other payables 11 1,936,392 1,920,610 Lease liabilities 15 577,674 562,423 Short-term provisions 12 2,754,906 2,554,144 Other financial liabilities 15 577,674 562,423 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 6,847,256 11,147,183 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,660 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,66	CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories 57,792 - Other financial assets 8 2,155,019 7,155,019 Other assets 10 375,121 311,138 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 14,017,658 18,218,548 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 9 1,163,230 1,053,358 Right-of-use assets 15 4,634,619 5,160,903 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 5,797,849 6,214,261 TOTAL ASSETS 19,815,507 24,432,809 LIABILITIES 5,797,849 6,214,261 Trade and other payables 11 1,936,392 1,920,610 Lease liabilities 15 577,674 562,423 Short-term provisions 12 2,754,906 2,554,144 Other financial liabilities 13 1,578,284 6,110,006 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 6,847,256 11,147,183 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 Lease liabilities 15 4,584,652 5,104,799 Long-term provisions 12 801,484 650,851	·	20(a)		
Other financial assets 8 2,155,019 7,155,019 Other assets 10 375,121 311,138 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 14,017,658 18,218,548 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 7 1,163,230 1,053,358 Right-of-use assets 15 4,634,619 5,160,903 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 5,797,849 6,214,261 TOTAL ASSETS 19,815,507 24,432,809 CURRENT LIABILITIES 5 577,674 562,423 Trade and other payables 11 1,936,392 1,920,610 Lease liabilities 15 577,674 562,423 Short-term provisions 12 2,754,906 2,554,144 Other financial liabilities 13 1,578,284 6,110,006 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 6,847,255 11,147,183 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 Long-term provisions 12 801,484 650,851 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,233,392 <td></td> <td>7</td> <td></td> <td>4,774,414</td>		7		4,774,414
Other assets 10 375,121 311,138 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 14,017,658 18,218,548 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 15 1,163,230 1,053,358 Right-Of-use assets 15 4,634,619 5,160,903 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 5,797,849 6,214,261 TOTAL ASSETS 19,815,507 24,432,809 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 11 1,936,392 1,920,610 Lease liabilities 15 577,674 562,423 Short-term provisions 12 2,754,906 2,554,144 Other financial liabilities 13 1,578,284 6,110,006 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 6,847,256 11,147,183 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 Lease liabilities 15 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 12,233,392 16,902,833 NET ASSETS 12,233,392 16,902,833 NET ASSETS 7,582,115 7,529,976			•	-
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 14,017,658 18,218,548 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 19 1,163,230 1,053,358 Property, plant and equipment 9 1,163,230 1,053,358 Right-of-use assets 15 4,634,619 5,160,903 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 5,797,849 6,214,261 TOTAL ASSETS 19,815,507 24,432,809 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES 11 1,936,392 1,920,610 Lease liabilities 15 577,674 562,423 Short-term provisions 12 2,754,906 2,554,144 Other financial liabilities 13 1,578,284 6,110,006 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 6,847,256 11,147,183 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,233,392 16,902,833 NET ASSETS 7,582,115 7,529,976 EQUITY Donation reserves 14 110,127 99,330				
NON-CURRENT ASSETS 1,011,036 1,163,230 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,358 1,053,359 1,053,358 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,359 1,053,3		10 _	375,121	311,138
Property, plant and equipment 9 1,163,230 1,053,358 Right-of-use assets 15 4,634,619 5,160,903 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 5,797,849 6,214,261 TOTAL ASSETS 19,815,507 24,432,809 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 11 1,936,392 1,920,610 Lease liabilities 15 577,674 562,423 Short-term provisions 12 2,754,906 2,554,144 Other financial liabilities 13 1,578,284 6,110,006 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 6,847,256 11,147,183 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,452 5,104,799 Lease liabilities 15 4,584,652 5,104,799 Long-term provisions 15 80,484 650,851 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,233,392 16,902,833 NET ASSETS 7,582,115 7,529,976 EQUITY 7,77,582,115 7,529,976	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	_	14,017,658	18,218,548
Right-of-use assets 15 4,634,619 5,160,903 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 5,797,849 6,214,261 TOTAL ASSETS 19,815,507 24,432,809 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES 5 577,674 562,423 Trade and other payables 11 1,936,392 1,920,610 Lease liabilities 15 577,674 562,423 Short-term provisions 12 2,754,906 2,554,144 Other financial liabilities 13 1,578,284 6,110,006 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 6,847,256 11,147,183 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,233,392 16,902,833 NET ASSETS 7,582,115 7,529,976 EQUITY 2 7,471,988 7,430,646 NOTAL COURTY 7,471,988 7,430,646	NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 5,797,849 6,214,261 TOTAL ASSETS 19,815,507 24,432,809 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 11 1,936,392 1,920,610 Lease liabilities 15 577,674 562,423 Short-term provisions 12 2,754,906 2,554,144 Other financial liabilities 13 1,578,284 6,110,006 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 6,847,256 11,147,183 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5 4,584,652 5,104,799 Lease liabilities 15 4,584,652 5,104,799 Long-term provisions 12 801,484 650,851 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL LIABILITIES 7,582,115 7,529,976 EQUITY 7,582,115 7,529,976 EQUITY 7,471,988 7,430,646	Property, plant and equipment	9	1,163,230	1,053,358
TOTAL ASSETS 5,791,649 6,214,261 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 11 1,936,392 1,920,610 Lease liabilities 15 577,674 562,423 Short-term provisions 12 2,754,906 2,554,144 Other financial liabilities 13 1,578,284 6,110,006 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 6,847,256 11,147,183 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 15 4,584,652 5,104,799 Long-term provisions 12 801,484 650,851 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,233,392 16,902,833 NET ASSETS 7,582,115 7,529,976 EQUITY Donation reserves 14 110,127 99,330 Retained earnings 7,471,988 7,430,646	Right-of-use assets	15 _	4,634,619	5,160,903
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 11 1,936,392 1,920,610 Lease liabilities 15 577,674 562,423 Short-term provisions 12 2,754,906 2,554,144 Other financial liabilities 13 1,578,284 6,110,006 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 6,847,256 11,147,183 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 15 4,584,652 5,104,799 Long-term provisions 12 801,484 650,851 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,233,392 16,902,833 NET ASSETS 12,233,392 16,902,833 NET ASSETS 7,582,115 7,529,976 EQUITY Donation reserves 14 110,127 99,330 Retained earnings 7,471,988 7,430,646	TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	_	5,797,849	6,214,261
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 11 1,936,392 1,920,610 Lease liabilities 15 577,674 562,423 Short-term provisions 12 2,754,906 2,554,144 Other financial liabilities 13 1,578,284 6,110,006 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 6,847,256 11,147,183 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 15 4,584,652 5,104,799 Long-term provisions 12 801,484 650,851 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,233,392 16,902,833 NET ASSETS 7,582,115 7,529,976 EQUITY 7,582,115 7,529,976 POnation reserves 14 110,127 99,330 Retained earnings 7,471,988 7,430,646	TOTAL ASSETS	_	19,815,507	24,432,809
Lease liabilities 15 577,674 562,423 Short-term provisions 12 2,754,906 2,554,144 Other financial liabilities 13 1,578,284 6,110,006 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES Lease liabilities 4,584,652 5,104,799 Long-term provisions 12 801,484 650,851 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,233,392 16,902,833 NET ASSETS 7,582,115 7,529,976 EQUITY Donation reserves 14 110,127 99,330 Retained earnings 7,471,988 7,430,646 TOTAL FOULTY 7,471,988 7,430,646		_		
Short-term provisions 12 2,754,906 2,554,144 Other financial liabilities 13 1,578,284 6,110,006 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES Lease liabilities 15 4,584,652 5,104,799 Long-term provisions 12 801,484 650,851 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,233,392 16,902,833 NET ASSETS 7,582,115 7,529,976 EQUITY Donation reserves 14 110,127 99,330 Retained earnings 7,471,988 7,430,646	Trade and other payables	11	1,936,392	1,920,610
Other financial liabilities 13 1,578,284 6,110,006 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 6,847,256 11,147,183 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 15 4,584,652 5,104,799 Long-term provisions 12 801,484 650,851 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,233,392 16,902,833 NET ASSETS 7,582,115 7,529,976 EQUITY Donation reserves 14 110,127 99,330 Retained earnings 7,471,988 7,430,646	Lease liabilities	15	577,674	562,423
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 6,847,256 11,147,183 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 15 4,584,652 5,104,799 Long-term provisions 12 801,484 650,851 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,233,392 16,902,833 NET ASSETS 7,582,115 7,529,976 EQUITY Donation reserves 14 110,127 99,330 Retained earnings 7,471,988 7,430,646	Short-term provisions	12	2,754,906	2,554,144
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Lease liabilities 15 4,584,652 5,104,799 Long-term provisions 12 801,484 650,851 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,233,392 16,902,833 NET ASSETS 7,582,115 7,529,976 EQUITY Donation reserves 14 110,127 99,330 Retained earnings 7,471,988 7,430,646	Other financial liabilities	13	1,578,284	6,110,006
Lease liabilities 15 4,584,652 5,104,799 Long-term provisions 12 801,484 650,851 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,233,392 16,902,833 NET ASSETS 7,582,115 7,529,976 EQUITY Donation reserves 14 110,127 99,330 Retained earnings 7,471,988 7,430,646	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		6,847,256	11,147,183
Long-term provisions 12 801,484 650,851 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,233,392 16,902,833 NET ASSETS 7,582,115 7,529,976 EQUITY Donation reserves 14 110,127 99,330 Retained earnings 7,471,988 7,430,646 TOTAL FOURTY	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 5,386,136 5,755,650 TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,233,392 16,902,833 NET ASSETS 7,582,115 7,529,976 EQUITY Donation reserves 14 110,127 99,330 Retained earnings 7,471,988 7,430,646 TOTAL FOULTY				
TOTAL LIABILITIES NET ASSETS 12,233,392 16,902,833 7,582,115 7,529,976 EQUITY Donation reserves 14 110,127 99,330 Retained earnings 7,471,988 7,430,646	Long-term provisions	12 _	801,484	650,851
EQUITY 14 110,127 99,330 Retained earnings 7,471,988 7,430,646	TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	5,386,136	5,755,650
EQUITY Donation reserves 14 110,127 99,330 Retained earnings 7,471,988 7,430,646	TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	12,233,392	16,902,833
Donation reserves 14 110,127 99,330 Retained earnings 7,471,988 7,430,646	NET ASSETS	_	7,582,115	7,529,976
Donation reserves 14 110,127 99,330 Retained earnings 7,471,988 7,430,646				
Retained earnings 7,471,988 7,430,646	EQUITY			
TOTAL FOLLTY	Donation reserves	14	•	•
TOTAL EQUITY	-	_	7,471,988	7,430,646
	TOTAL EQUITY	=	7,582,115	7,529,976

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

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4	v	_	4

	Retained Earnings	Donations Reserve	Total
	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Balance at 1 July 2023	7,430,646	99,330	7,529,976
Surplus for the year	52,139	-	52,139
Transfer from retained earnings to donation reserve	(10,797)	10,797	
Balance at 30 June 2024	7,471,988	110,127	7,582,115
2023			
	Retained Earnings	Donations Reserve	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2022	7,885,057	99,792	7,984,849
Deficit for the year	(454,873)	-	(454,873)
Transfer to retained earnings from donation reserve	462	(462)	
Balance at 30 June 2023	7,430,646	99,330	7,529,976

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipts from clients and funding bodies		28,793,133	27,461,403
Payments to suppliers and employees		(29,772,812)	(26,964,128)
Interest received		405,814	238,577
Interest paid	_	(298,615)	(332,526)
Net cash (used in)/provided by operating activities	20(b)	(872,480)	403,326
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Payment for plant and equipment		(267,436)	(34,541)
Proceeds from financial assets	_	5,000,000	5,753
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	-	4,732,564	(28,788)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Payment of lease liabilities	_	(569,796)	(538,871)
Net cash used in financing activities	-	(569,796)	(538,871)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents held		3,290,288	(164,333)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		5,977,977	6,142,310
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	20(a)	9,268,265	5,977,977

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

The financial statements are for Hunter Primary Care Limited (Company) as an individual entity. Hunter Primary Care Limited is a not-for-profit Company limited by guarantee, registered and domiciled in Australia.

The functional and presentation currency of Hunter Primary Care Limited is Australian dollars.

Comparatives are consistent with prior years, unless otherwise stated.

1 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and are consistent with prior reporting periods unless otherwise stated.

2 Material Accounting Policy Information

(a) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised initially on the date that the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value plus transaction costs (except for instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss where transaction costs are expensed as incurred).

Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Classification

On initial recognition, the Company classifies its financial assets into the following categories, those measured at:

amortised cost

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Amortised cost

The Company's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position.

Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less provision for impairment.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

2 Material Accounting Policy Information (cont'd)

(a) Financial instruments (cont'd)

Financial assets (cont'd)

Interest income, foreign exchange gains or losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities 'at fair value through profit or loss' or other financial liabilities depending on the purpose for which the liability was acquired.

The Company measures all financial liabilities initially at fair value less transaction costs. Subsequently financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

The financial liabilities of the Company comprise trade payables, bank and other loans and lease liabilities.

(b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

(c) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a lease exists - i.e. does the contract convey the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. This involves an assessment of whether:

- The contract involves the use of an identified asset this may be explicitly or implicitly identified within the agreement. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right then there is no identified asset.
- The Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of the asset throughout the period of use.
- The Company has the right to direct the use of the asset i.e. decision making rights in relation to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used.

Lessee accounting

The non-lease components included in the lease agreement have been separated and are recognised as an expense as incurred.

Right-of-use asset

At the lease commencement, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset and associated lease liability for the lease term. The lease term includes extension periods where the Company believes it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised.

The right-of-use asset is measured using the cost model where cost on initial recognition comprises of the lease liability, initial direct costs, prepaid lease payments, estimated cost of removal and restoration less any

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

2 Material Accounting Policy Information (cont'd)

(c) Leases (cont'd)

Right-of-use asset (cont'd)

lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the lease term on a straight line basis and assessed for impairment in accordance with the impairment of assets accounting policy.

Lease liability

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement of the lease. The discount rate is the rate implicit in the lease, however where this cannot be readily determined then the Company's incremental borrowing rate is used.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The lease liability is remeasured where there is a lease modification, change in estimate of the lease term or index upon which the lease payments are based (e.g. CPI) or a change in the Company's assessment of lease term.

Where the lease liability is remeasured, the right-of-use asset is adjusted to reflect the remeasurement or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

Exceptions to lease accounting

The Company has elected to apply the exceptions to lease accounting for both short-term leases (i.e. leases with a term of less than or equal to 12 months) and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises the payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(d) Employee benefits

Provision is made for the Company's liability for employee benefits. Those benefits that are expected to be wholly settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled.

Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may satisfy vesting requirements. Those cashflows are discounted using market yields on national government bonds with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cashflows.

Contributions are made by the Company to an employee superannuation fund and are charged as an expense when incurred.

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods in which services are provided by employees.

(e) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

2 Material Accounting Policy Information (cont'd)

(e) Goods and services tax (GST) (cont'd)

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST.

Cash flows in the statement of cash flows are included on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

(f) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss (if any).

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount.

(g) Income Tax

The Company is exempt from income tax under Division 50 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

(h) Property, plant and equipment

Classes of property, plant and equipment using the cost model

Where the cost model is used, the asset is carried at its cost less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Costs include purchase price, other directly attributable costs and the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and restoring the asset, where applicable.

Plant and equipment that have been contributed at no cost or for nominal cost are valued and recognised at the fair value of the asset at the date acquired.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all property, plant and equipment, excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life to the Company, commencing when the asset is ready for use.

Leased assets and leasehold improvements are amortised over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or their estimated useful life.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are shown below:

Fixed asset classDepreciation ratePlant and Equipment10% - 100%Leasehold improvementsLife of lease

At the end of each annual reporting period, the depreciation method, useful life and residual value of each asset are reviewed. Any revisions are accounted for prospectively as a change in estimate.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

2 Material Accounting Policy Information (cont'd)

(h) Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

When an asset is disposed of, the gain or loss is calculated by comparing the proceeds received with its carrying amount and is taken to profit or loss.

(i) Revenue and other income

Revenue from contracts with customers

The core principle of AASB 15 is that revenue is recognised on a basis that reflects the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services.

Generally, the timing of the payment for sale of goods and rendering of services corresponds closely to the timing of satisfaction of the performance obligations, however where there is a difference, it will result in the recognition of a receivable, contract asset or contract liability.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

Other income

Other income is recognised on an accruals basis when the Company is entitled to it.

(j) Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

The Company has adopted all of the new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that are mandatory for the current period. Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

3 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimations in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Leasehold improvements

As discussed in Note 2, depreciation for leasehold improvements is determined over the shorter of the term of the lease and the asset's useful life.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

3 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (cont'd)

Long service leave provision

As discussed in Note 2, the liability for long service leave is recognised and measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows to be made in respect of all employees at the reporting date. In determining the present value of the liability, estimates of attrition rates and pay increases through promotion and inflation have been taken into account.

Right-of-use asset

Management determined the useful life of the right-of-use asset to be the term of the lease and is depreciated on a straight line basis and is assessed for impairment in accordance with the impairment of assets accounting policy.

4 Revenue and Other Income

	Operating activities		
		2024	2023
		\$	\$
	Service revenue	9,091,718	7,253,515
	Government grants	19,604,425	18,694,261
	Total operating revenue	28,696,143	25,947,776
	Other revenue		
	Interest received	405,814	238,577
	Other income	48,246	61,219
	Donations	120,735	103,097
	Total other revenue	574,795	402,893
5	Expenses		
	Interest on obligations under finance leases	298,615	332,526
	Depreciation	863,000	861,119
	Employee benefits expense	23,691,007	20,782,620
6	Auditors' Remuneration		
	Audit of the financial report	54,700	50,600
	Other assurance and other services	3,800	16,248
		58,500	66,848

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

7 Trade and Other Receivables

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Trade receivables	792,232	4,382,848
Provision for impairment	(17,636)	(29,105)
Other receivables	1,386,865	420,671
	2,161,461	4,774,414

2024

2023

Reconciliation of changes in the provision for impairment of receivables is as follows:

The Company measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss (ECL). The ECL on trade receivables is estimated using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current and the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date.

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current reporting period.

The Company writes off a trade receivable when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or when the trade receivables are over 1 years past due, whichever occurs first.

Credit Risk

The class of assets described as 'trade and other receivables' is considered to be the main source of credit risk related to the Company.

The following table details the Company's trade and other receivables exposure to credit risk (prior to collateral and other credit enhancements) with ageing analysis and impairment provided for thereon. Amounts are considered as 'past due' when the debt has not been settled, within the terms and conditions agreed between the Company and the customer or counter party to the transaction. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining the solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there is objective evidence indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the Company.

The balances of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table) are considered to be of high credit quality.

, ,	Gross amount	Past due and impaired \$	<30 days	31 - 60 days \$	61 - 90 days \$	>90 days \$
2024 Trade and term receivables	792,232	17,636	514,079	189,824	10,828	77,501
Total	792,232	17,636	514,079	189,824	10,828	77,501
2023 Trade and term receivables	4,382,848	29,105	4,332,462	18,829	10,289	21,268
Total	4,382,848	29,105	4,332,462	18,829	10,289	21,268

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

8 Other Financial Assets

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
CURRENT		
Bank guarantee	155,019	155,019
Term deposits	2,000,000	7,000,000
	2,155,019	7,155,019

9 Property, plant and equipment

(a) Movements in carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Capital Works in Progress \$	Plant and Equipment \$	Leasehold Improvements \$	Total \$
Year ended 30 June 2024				
Balance at the beginning of year	18,805	39,595	994,958	1,053,358
Additions	-	47,010	220,426	267,436
Depreciation expense	-	(24,024)	(133,540)	(157,564)
Transfer to plant and equipment	(18,805)	11,024	7,781	-
Balance at the end of the year		73,605	1,089,625	1,163,230

	Capital Works in Progress \$	Plant and Equipment \$	Leasehold Improvements \$	Total \$
Year ended 30 June 2023				
Balance at the beginning of year	-	41,019	1,119,920	1,160,939
Additions	48,414	-	-	48,414
Depreciation expense	-	(17,160)	(124,962)	(142,122)
Transfer to plant and equipment	(15,736)	15,736	-	-
Transfer to profit and loss	(13,873)		_	(13,873)
Balance at the end of the year	18,805	39,595	994,958	1,053,358

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

10	Other Assets		
		2024	2023
		\$	\$
	Prepayments	375,121	311,138
11	Trade and Other Payables		
	CURRENT		
	Trade payables	1,190,073	706,150
	GST payable	36,369	504,672
	Sundry payables and accrued expenses	709,950	709,788
		1,936,392	1,920,610
12	Provisions		
	CURRENT Provision for employee benefits	2,754,906	2,554,144
	NON-CURRENT		
	Make good provision	505,296	392,305
	Provision for employee benefits	296,188	258,546
		801,484	650,851
13	Other Financial Liabilities		
	CURRENT		
	Deferred income	1,578,284	6,110,006
14	Donations Reserve		
	Balance at the beginning of the financial year	99,330	99,792
	Total transfer from/(to) accumulated surplus	10,797	(462)
		110,127	99,330

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

15 Right-of-use assets

	Buildings \$
Year ended 30 June 2024 Balance at the beginning of the year Depreciation charge Remeasurement of lease liabilities	5,160,903 (705,436) 179,152
Balance at end of year	4,634,619
	Buildings \$
Year ended 30 June 2023 Balance at the beginning of the year Depreciation charge Remeasurement of lease liabilities	6,005,442 (718,997) (125,542)
Balance at end of year	5,160,903

Lease liabilities relating to right-of-use assets

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities based on contractual, undiscounted cash flows is shown in the table below:

	< 1 year \$	1 - 5 years \$	> 5 years \$	Total undiscounted lease liabilities \$	Lease liabilities included in this Statement Of Financial Position
2024 Lease liabilities	898,649	3,234,391	2,271,532	6,404,572	5,162,326
2023 Lease liabilities	862,162	3,372,623	2,968,645	7,203,430	5,667,222

16 Members' Guarantee

The Company is registered with the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* and is a Company limited by guarantee. If the Company is wound up, the constitution states that each member is required to contribute a maximum of \$20 each towards meeting any outstanding obligations of the Company. At 30 June 2024 the number of members was 925 (2023: 1,034).

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

17 Financial Risk Management

The main risks Hunter Primary Care Limited are exposed to through its financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk.

The Company's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, short-term investments, accounts receivable and payable, and leases.

The Company does not have any derivative financial instruments at 30 June 2024.

Liquidity risk

The Company's liquidity risk arises from the risk that it will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Company manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The Company's liabilities have contractual maturities which are summarised below:

	Less than	ı 1 year	1 to 5	years	5+ y	ears	Tota	al
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other payables	1,936,392	1,920,610	-	-	-	-	1,936,392	1,920,610

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Company.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date for recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets, net of any provisions for doubtful debts, as disclosed in the statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements.

The Company does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the Company.

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (where available).

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to interest rate risk arises from holding cash and cash equivalents. The Company actively monitors interest rates for cash at bank and on deposits to maximise interest income. The Company accepts the risk in relation to fixed interest securities as they are held to generate income on surplus funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

17 Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

Interest rate risk (cont'd)

As at the reporting date, the Company had the following variable rate cash exposure:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and cash equivalents	9,268,265	5,977,977
Other financial assets	2,155,019	7,155,019
	11,423,284	13,132,996

The sensitivity analysis has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for both non-derivative instruments at reporting date and the stipulated change taking place at the beginning of the financial year and held constant throughout the reporting period.

At reporting date, if interest rates had been 1% higher or lower and all other variables were held constant, the Company's net surplus (deficit) would increase or decrease by \$114,233 (2023: \$131,330). This is attributable to the Company's exposure to interest rates on its variable cash deposits.

The short-term bank deposits were subject to interest at the market variable rate as at 30 June 2024.

Financial assets are held as term deposits over a 3 - 12 month period at a fixed rate. Financial liabilities are not subject to interest rate risk as they are non-interest bearing.

Financial Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	9,268,265	5,977,977
Trade and other receivables	2,161,461	4,774,414
Other financial assets	2,155,019	7,155,019
	13,584,745	17,907,410
Financial Liabilities Trade and other payables	1,936,392	1,920,610
	1,936,392	1,920,610

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

18 Key Management Personnel Remuneration

The directors and other members of key management personnel of the Company during the year were:

Mr Steven Adams Director

Mr Richard Anicich AM Chair

Dr Sarah Bayley Deputy Chair

Ms Jennifer Hayes Director

Dr Peter Hopkins Director

Mr Scott Puxty Director

Dr Fiona Van Leeuwen Director

Mr Laurence (Benjamin) Wilkins Director

Ms Brenda Ryan CEO

Mr Phillip (Jack) Hanson Company Secretary/Executive

Mr Keith Drinkwater Executive

Ms Kirsty Porteous External member - Finance Audit and Risk Management Committee

The totals of remuneration paid to key management personnel of Hunter Primary Care Limited during the year are as follows:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	952,675	918,284
Long-term benefits	84,605	84,265
	1,037,280	1,002,549

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

19 Related Parties

(a) The Company's main related parties are as follows:

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity is considered key management personnel.

For details of remuneration disclosures relating to key management personnel, refer to Note 18 Key Management Personnel Remuneration.

(b) Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

Mr Richard Anicich AM is a Director and Chair of The Healthy Communities Foundation Australia Ltd. IT services were provided to The Healthy Communities Australia Foundation Ltd throughout the financial year to the total of \$8,871 (2023: \$9,120).

Mr Scott Puxty is a Partner of Sparke Helmore Lawyers. Legal Services were provided by Sparke Helmore Lawyers throughout the financial year to the total of \$2,000 (2023: \$8,269).

In addition to Directorship on the Hunter Primary Care Board, Dr Sarah Bayley also worked as a GP in the GP Access service. Dr Bayley received \$15,204 in non-director remuneration.

20 Cash Flow Information

(a) Reconciliation of cash

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to items in the statement of financial position as follows:		
Cash and cash equivalents	9,268,265	5,977,977

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

20 Cash Flow Information (cont'd)

(b) Reconciliation of result for the year to cashflows from operating activities

Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	52,139	(454,873)
Cash flows excluded from surplus/(deficit) attributable to operating activities		
Non-cash flows in surplus/(deficit):		
- amortisation and depreciation	863,000	847,246
- transfer of capitalised expenditure to profit and loss	-	13,873
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
- decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	2,851,983	(3,081,272)
- increase in other assets	(63,983)	(66,106)
- decrease/(increase) in inventories	(57,792)	746
- (decrease)/increase in income in advance	(4,770,752)	2,502,631
- increase in trade and other payables	14,522	701,788
- increase/(decrease) in provisions	238,403	(60,707)
Cashflows from operations	(872,480)	403,326

21 Events after the end of the Reporting Period

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

22 Economic Dependency

During the year ended 30 June 2024, the Company received the majority of its funding from HNECCPHN Limited and accordingly is economically dependent on the continued financial and other support it receives from HNECCPHN Limited. The Company currently has 23 active separate and distinct contracts with HNECCPHN that makes up the funding.

23 Contingencies

In the opinion of those charged with governance, the Company did not have any contingencies at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: None).

24 Statutory Information

The registered office and principal place of business of the company is:

Hunter Primary Care Limited

7 Warabrook Boulevard

Warabrook NSW 2304

Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement

Hunter Primary Care Limited has no controlled entities and, therefore, is not required by the Australian Accounting Standards to prepare consolidated financial statements. As a result, section 295(3A)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001 does not apply to the entity.

Basis of Preparation

The Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement (CEDS) has been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001.

Directors' Declaration

The directors of the Company declare that :

- There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company is able to pay all of its debts, as and when they become due and payable; and
- The financial statements and notes set out on pages 10 to 24, are in accordance with the requirements of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 and:
 - a. comply with Australian Accounting Standards; and
 - b. give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2024 and the performance of the year ended on that date of the Company.
- The information disclosed in the attached consolidated entity diclosure statement is true and correct.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director

Dated

Director

Thugels



PKF(NS) Audit & Assurance Limited Partnership ABN 91 850 861 839

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF HUNTER PRIMARY CARE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Hunter Primary Care Limited (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information, the consolidated entity disclosure statement and the Directors' declaration.

In our opinion the financial report of Hunter Primary Care Limited, has been prepared in accordance with *Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012*, including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and *Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.*

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



Other Information (cont'd)

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of:

- i) the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012*; and
- ii) the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001.

The directors' responsibility also includes such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
 that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report (cont'd)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, action taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

DKE

MARTIN MATTHEWS
PARTNER

25 SEPTEMBER 2024 NEWCASTLE, NSW